project or where an Enterprise engages in an activity that it believes assists in maintaining the affordability of assisted units in eligible multifamily housing projects but which is not otherwise covered in paragraph (c)(9)(i) of this section, the Enterprise must submit the transaction to FHFA for a determination on appropriate goals counting treatment.

- (10) Loan modifications. An Enterprise's modification of a loan in accordance with the Making Homes Affordable Program announced on March 4, 2009, that is held in the Enterprise's portfolio or that is in a pool backing a security guaranteed by the Enterprise, shall be treated as a mortgage purchase for purposes of the housing goals.
 - (11) [Reserved]
- (12) HOEPA mortgages and mortgages with unacceptable terms and conditions. HOEPA mortgages and mortgages with unacceptable terms or conditions as defined in §1282.2 shall not receive credit toward any of the three housing goals.
- (13) Mortgages contrary to good lending practices. The Director shall monitor the practices and processes of the Enterprises to ensure that they are not good lending practices as defined in §1282.2. Based on the results of such monitoring, the Director may determine in accordance with paragraph (d) of this section that mortgages or categories of mortgages where a lender has not engaged in good lending practices shall not receive credit toward the three housing goals.
- (14) Seller dissolution option. (i) Mortgages acquired through transactions involving seller dissolution options shall be treated as mortgage purchases and receive credit toward the achievement of the housing goals, only when:
- (A) The terms of the transaction provide for a lockout period that prohibits the exercise of the dissolution option for at least one year from the date on which the transaction was entered into by the Enterprise and the seller of the mortgages; and
- (B) The transaction is not dissolved during the one-year minimum lockout period.
- (ii) The Director may grant an exception to the one-year minimum lockout period described in paragraphs

- (c)(14)(i)(A) and (B) of this section, in response to a written request from an Enterprise, if the Director determines that the transaction furthers the purposes of the Safety and Soundness Act and the Enterprise's Charter Act;
- (iii) For purposes of this paragraph (c)(14), "seller dissolution option" means an option for a seller of mortgages to the Enterprises to dissolve or otherwise cancel a mortgage purchase agreement or loan sale.
- (d) FHFA review of transactions. FHFA will determine whether a class of transactions counts as a mortgage purchase under the housing goals. If an Enterprise seeks to have a class of transactions counted under the housing goals that does not otherwise count under the rules in this part, the Enterprise may provide FHFA detailed information regarding the transactions for evaluation and determination by FHFA in accordance with this section. In making its determination, FHFA may also request and evaluate additional information from an Enterprise with regard to how the Enterprise believes the transactions should be counted. FHFA will notify the Enterprise of its determination regarding the extent to which the class of transactions may count under the goals.

§ 1282.17 Affordability—Income level definitions—family size and income known (owner-occupied units, actual tenants, and prospective tenants).

In determining whether a dwelling unit is affordable to very low-, low-, or moderate-income families, where the unit is owner-occupied or, for rental housing, family size and income information for the dwelling unit is known to the Enterprise, the affordability of the unit shall be determined as follows:

- (a) Moderate-income means:
- (1) In the case of owner-occupied units, income not in excess of 100 percent of area median income; and
- (2) In the case of rental units, where the income of actual or prospective tenants is available, income not in excess of the following percentages of area median income corresponding to the following family sizes:

§ 1282.18

Number of persons in family	Percentage of area median income
1	70
2	80
3	90
4	100
5 or more	*

 $^{^{\}star}\,100\%$ plus (8% multiplied by the number of persons in excess of 4).

- (b) Low-income means:
- (1) In the case of owner-occupied units, income not in excess of 80 percent of area median income; and
- (2) In the case of rental units, where the income of actual or prospective tenants is available, income not in excess of the following percentages of area median income corresponding to the following family sizes:

Number of persons in family	Percentage of area median income
1	56
2	64
3	72
4	80
5 or more	*

 $^{^{\}star}80\%$ plus (6.4% multiplied by the number of persons in excess of 4).

- (c) Very-low-income means:
- (1) In the case of owner-occupied units, income not in excess of 60 percent of area median income; and
- (2) In the case of rental units, where the income of actual or prospective tenants is available, income not in excess of the following percentages of area median income corresponding to the following family sizes:

Number of persons in family	Percentage of area median income
1	42
2	48
3	54
4	60
5 or more	*

^{*60%} plus (4.8% multiplied by the number of persons in excess of 4).

(d) Especially-low-income means, in the case of rental units, where the income of actual or prospective tenants is available, income not in excess of the following percentages of area median income corresponding to the following family sizes:

Number of persons in family	Percentage of area median income
1	35
2	40
3	45
4	50
5 or more	*

^{*50%} plus (4.0% multiplied by the number of persons in excess of 4)

§ 1282.18 Affordability—Income level definitions—family size not known (actual or prospective tenants).

In determining whether a rental unit is affordable to very low-, low-, or moderate-income families where family size is not known to the Enterprise, income will be adjusted using unit size, and affordability determined as follows:

(a) For moderate-income, the income of prospective tenants shall not exceed the following percentages of area median income with adjustments, depending on unit size:

Unit size	Percentage of area median income
Efficiency	70
1 bedroom	75
2 bedrooms	90
3 bedrooms or more	*

 $^{^{\}star}\,104\%$ plus (12% multiplied by the number of bedrooms in excess of 3).

(b) For low-income, income of prospective tenants shall not exceed the following percentages of area median income with adjustments, depending on unit size:

Unit size	Percentage of area median income
Efficiency	56
1 bedroom	60
2 bedrooms	72
3 bedrooms or more	*

 $^{^{*}83.2\%}$ plus (9.6% multiplied by the number of bedrooms in excess of 3).

(c) For very low-income, income of prospective tenants shall not exceed the following percentages of area median income with adjustments, depending on unit size: